## BTH- Ophthalmology Triage Guidance based on diagnosis.

eRS pathway	Emergency (within 48 hours)			Urgent (< 2 weeks)	Routine
		THROUGH TO BTH ON CA NUMBER 01253 300000*	**send referral through urgent eRs pathway**	**send referral through routine eRs pathway**	
Who triages it?	First On call doctor			Consultant on call	Consultant on call
Urgency / Presenting Symptoms	Same session	Same day	Within 24-48 hours	Urgent	Routine
Location	Emergency Eye Clinic / OOH location	Emergency Eye Clinic / OOH location	Emergency Eye Clinic / Rapid access / OOH location.	Rapid access in EEC (RAC once set up asap)	OPD, Orthoptics, OSCAT, MRU
Trauma	-Chemical injury -Penetrating / high velocity injury (eg. pellet) - Globe rupture - Suspected IOFB	Blunt trauma Lid laceration	Orbital # with diplopia and systemic Sx [+ ORT]	Orbital # with diplopia (adult) Intact globe no systemic Sx [+ORT].	
Vision	Sudden complete loss of vision < 6hours [eg: CRAO, GCA, postop]	Sudden LOV <12 hours Painful / painless resolved/ unresolved.	Sudden LOV >12 hours	Sudden change in vision < 2 weeks Consider CUES first	Gradual LOV >2/52 Eg: PCO (affecting vision) refer to eRS laser clinic, Cataract refer to OSCAT
Eye Pain Scale score 0-5	Pain score 4-5/5. No relief with oral analgesia. +/- nausea or vomiting [AACG]	Pain score 3-4/5, keeping patient awake at night.	Pain score 3-4/5 Relief with analgesia/ photophobia. [uveitis acute 1 <sup>st</sup> attack]		

Lids/ Lacrimal/ Orbit	- Tight orbit / Orbital compartment syndrome [eg. orbital cellulitis, trauma/retrobulbar	-New droopy lid/ptosis +/- diplopia/3 <sup>rd</sup> n. palsy -Acute swollen lids/fever	-Swollen lids cellulitis-No fever [GP to start abx] -HZO with hazy cornea		-FB sensation/gritty <2/52 ? Dry eyes ?In growing lashes? <b>Consider CUES first</b>
Cornea Conjunctiva	haemorrhage] -Severe chemical burn (alkaline/ acid)	-Hazy, moderate redness -Corneal ulcer, hypopyon -HZO with corneal involvement - Sx in contact lens wearer, corneal graft	-Clear cornea, red around the limbus, moderate LOV [?uveitis/1 <sup>st</sup> attack] <b>Consider IP CUES first</b> -Corneal FB with rust ring	HZO without corneal involvement [GP to prescribe acyclovir] Consider IP CUES first	
Vitreo-Retina	-RD with macula on	-Acute PVD + Retinal tear -RD with LOV (macula off) - Acute vitreous haemorrhage - IOFB posterior	<ul> <li>-F and/or F acute with previous risk factors</li> <li>[myopia, tear, F/Hx of RD]</li> <li>Consider CUES first</li> <li>- LOV with floaters</li> <li>- F and/or F or shadow in post-op VR [within 24 hours]</li> <li>- Submacular haemorrhage acute (&lt;2 weeks duration)</li> </ul>	-F+F in vision for over 1 week NO risk factors <b>Refer to CUES first</b>	Macular conditions (ERM, VMT, macular hole)
Medical Retina				Visual distortion - Wet AMD, refer to fast track macular service. Consider CUES with OCT first	
Glaucoma	-Cloudy cornea, severely red + pain, nausea/vomiting [AACG] - Blebitis	[AACG] Dropped vision, hazy cornea, red eye eye pain/headache Nausea/Vomiting	-IOP > 40mmHg any cause [within 24 hours] -Rubeotic glaucoma	IOP 30-40mmHg refer eRS	

Post- Surgery or post - intravitreal injection	-Severe pain +/- LOV post-op - Endophthalmitis -blebitis	-Post op LOV < 1-2 /52 [cataract/IVI/VR] - VR postop - , raised IOP, eye pain/ headache, nausea/vomiting -Post-op glaucoma / PK surgery at anytime -Postop lid surgery	Eye pain post operatively < 2 weeks [VR postop- must be seen same day for IOP check].		?postop CMO
Neuro- Ophthalmology (general)	-Headaches pain score 4-5/5 with ocular symptoms	profuse bleeding -Painful scalp, brow pain, painful temples with eye symptoms [GCA] - Acute diplopia/ 3rd n. palsy + anisocoria + pain/ headache ?- blurred disc margins with headache / anisocoria/ neurologic features	-Diplopia new, sudden, incomitant or worsening [4 <sup>th</sup> ,6 <sup>th</sup> n. palsy] -Bell's palsy, new with corneal anaesthesia and lagophthalmos.	- blurred disc margins on routine visit	-Bilateral visual disturbances <2 hrs +/- headaches - long standing diplopia
Paediatric	-Cellulitis [painful, swollen lids + pyrexia + unwell] -Sudden onset strabismus if incomitant, new and symptomatic including limited abduction, double vision, headaches or new onset nystagmus	Hypopyon, hyphaema, IOP > 40mmHg - ? acute onset diplopia in child/ or with orbital # in child	-Abnormal pupil with visual symptoms	blurred disc margins on routine visit If strabismus is concomitant but sudden in onset with symptoms.	
Other	-Acutely unwell patient with swollen lids,			Included above under Medical Retina	

	pyrexia, ocular symptoms, see immediately.					
LOV: Loss of vision, CRAO: Central artery occlusion, GCA: Giant cell arteritis, AACG: Acute angle closure glaucoma, IOP: Intraocular pressure, PVD: Posterior vitreous detachment, RD: Retinal detachment, AMD: Age related macular degeneration, FT: Fast track, FB: foreign body, F+F Flashes and floaters, ORT: Orthoptic assessment.						
*Wet AMD suspects should be sent through Rapid Access referral pathway for a Fast Track appointment in AMD clinic within 2 weeks* The above triage list is not exhaustive. Any concerns or queries must be discussed with the ophthalmology on call ophthalmologist.						